

## Grim Grip's Deadly March

Deals Death and Destruction to Many

Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Louisville, London, and by the scourge. All the Great Centers of Population Affected.

The depressing effects of the present epidemic of Grip are apparent everywhere. Teachers, clerks, business men, mechanics, laborers, street car drivers, school children, police officers and even the doctors all furnish victims by the hundreds.

No remedy yet discovered can show results equal to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. It quickly overcomes the excessive exhaustion, invigorates the appetite and assists nature to throw off the deadly microbes from the system. In times of epidemic like the present it should be taken as a preventive of disease.

"Grip had left me a physical wreck; weak, helpless and miserable. I could not eat; could not sleep; could not gain any strength, and had nervous prostration of the worst kind. Our home physician could not help me and I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine. The first night's sleep that I had had in four months came as the result of two first doses. When I had taken two bottles I felt better than I had before in years, and continued to improve until I was entirely cured."

ELI WOODARD, Plymouth, Ills.

All druggists are authorized to sell Dr. Miles' Nervine on a guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded. Be sure and get Dr. Miles' Nervine. Booklet on heart and nerves sent free. Address

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## CATARRH

Ask Your Druggist for a generous 10 Cent Trial Size

Ely's Cream Balm

Contains no cocaine, mercury or any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Alleviates inflammation. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the senses of taste and smell. Full size 50c.; trial size 10c.; registered by mail.

## W. E. GERRISH DENTIST.

Vitalized Air for painless extraction teeth. 24 July

## O. H. MONTGOMERY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of the State. Special attention given to collections and to probate matters. OFFICE: Over the First National Bank, Seymour, Ind.

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## ELMER JOHNSON & BRO., BARBERS.

Nothing but first-class work here. If you want a clean, smooth shave or stylish hair cut, give us a call. St. Louis Ave., Ben Well's old stand.

## FALL AND WINTER SHOES!

A FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF BOOTS and SHOES That have have heretofore proven the best and also the highest grade of rubber goods at Bottom - Prices

Can be had of

W. F. Pfaffenberger.

Seymour, Ind.

## REFRIGERATOR BEEF

Major Harrison Gives His Experience to the War Investigators.

## COOKS WERE AT FAULT

The Meat When Taken From the Ships Had a Greenish Growth, but Was Really Good and Benefitted the Sick Materially—Major Familiar With Refrigerating and Butchering.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Major Hopkins, military aide to the secretary of war, testified before the war investigation commission regarding sanitary conditions at the camps at Tampa, Camp Thomas and Camp Alger. It was the old question of stinks, drainage and camp police, and testimony of the witness was little different from the preceding witnesses.

Major Harrison, Ninth volunteer infantry, whose regiment was near New Orleans and is now in Santiago was called. Concerning commissary stores, he said those in the United States were the best that could be bought in the open market. The refrigerated beef sent from this country, he said, was excellent. He had had much experience with refrigerated meat, and he said that while there was some disposition on the part of the regimental cooks to cavil at the appearance of the meat, it was in reality quite good.

He explained that the sudden change of temperature on removing the meat from the refrigerator ships produced what is known as "beard," a greenish growth that had to be scraped off. When this was done, the meat beneath was perfectly good. It was served to the men with excellent results and benefited the sick materially. The chief trouble came when the change was made to hoof cattle sent from Porto Rico. This beef Major Harrison killed himself and personally superintended its dressing and cooking. "But it would not cool in that climate," he said, "very emphatically."

"The meat never lost its animal heat and with its use our sickness increased 10 per cent. In a country where our dead putrified in six hours, you will easily understand that meat killed and exposed to the atmospheric changes with coagulated blood and the attacks of flies will spoil much sooner. Our board of survey had no work to do except cooking and burying this local killed beef." Of the canned meats Major Harrison spoke with equal emphasis, saying that it was fully as good as the refrigerator beef, was well received by the men and none of it had to be condemned.

Governor Beaver asked if a refrigerating plant was established there whether Cuban beef could be killed on the ground and rendered fit to eat. Witness said this would not be desirable as the Cuban cattle, while fine looking, furnished the coarsest and most stringy beef he had ever seen.

Witness said he was thoroughly familiar with the processes of refrigerating and butchering meat and he was willing to state positively that there was no chemicals used in any of the beef that passed under his observation. On the contrary, he said that there were no chemical preparations that could be used on the meat with advantage to the packers and without ruining their product before they could get it to the army. He regarded it as highly improbable that anything of the sort had been attempted. Referring to the hoof-killed beef at Santiago, witness said the surgeons in charge attributed the 10 per cent increase in intestinal troubles to use of fresh killed beef. There was a proportionate decrease in sickness when the regiment returned to the refrigerated beef.

Major Harrison said he had no complaint to make as to the meat supplies or attendance. He considered the whole supply system good.



But men are slow to believe that overwork sometimes kills; a man hates to admit that his health ever needs any particular care. He feels miserable and "out of sorts" but tries to "bluff it off" until he gets flat on his back, unable to do a stroke of work. He becomes obliged to spend no end of money for doctors and even at that can hardly save his life.

How much more sensible, and in the end how much cheaper at the first signs of physical weakness to write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., and obtain, free of charge, the advice of a skilled and educated physician who has a wider reputation for the successful treatment of chronic diseases than any other physician in this country.

## STATE DINNER

President McKinley Entertains the Members of His Cabinet.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The first formal state dinner of the season at the white house took place last night when President and Mrs. McKinley entertained the cabinet. The public portions of the mansion had been decorated in the elaborate manner usual on such occasions. Owing to the large number of guests the table was set in the main corridor and, with its lighted candelabra and floral decorations, presented a handsome appearance. There were three center pieces of bride's roses with a ground-work of maidenhair ferns, partly concealed in which were colored incandescent lights. Lady'slipper orchids were also in abundance, while at the plate of each guest was a butternut of carnations. Graceful palms were set in appropriate places around the room, while the ceiling and the walls were hung with southern smilax. In the east room there was a profusion of cut flowers, potted plants and trailing ferns. A number of senators and representatives and their wives were among the guests.

Peace Treaty.  
Washington, Jan. 5.—President McKinley sent the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States to the senate yesterday and it was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Cut Off Her Hair While Asleep.  
Terra Haute, Ind., Jan. 5.—Miss Annie Bigelow cut off one of the two very long braids in which she wears her hair, while asleep on the night of her 15th birthday. She is somewhat given to somnambulism. In the morning the braid and the scissors were lying on a chair at the side of the bed.

## CHICAGO UNIVERSITY

Receives Gifts Aggregating \$403,000 In Land and Money.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—President Harper of Chicago University announced last night at the Twenty-seventh convocation of the university that gifts aggregating \$403,000 had been made to the institution. Martin A. Ryerson, president of the board of trustees, donated a tract of land adjoining that now occupied by the university, valued at \$34,000. John D. Rockefeller had promised to duplicate the gift in cash, thus making \$68,000. Marshall Field gave a tract of land adjoining that given by Mr. Ryerson, which is estimated at \$135,000. Mr. Rockefeller agreed that when this was given to the school he would give \$200,000 for the building of a gymnasium and the equipment of athletic grounds.

## ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE

Street Railway Franchise Fight Begun at the First Session.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 5.—The two houses of the Illinois legislature were organized yesterday. Senator James Warder (Rep.) being chosen president pro tem of the senate and Lawrence T. Sherman (Rep.) speaker of the house. The street railway franchise fight began at once, three bills on the subject being introduced.

Governor Tanner devoted the greater part of his message to a discussion of state issues. He referred at length to the much discussed Allen street railway franchise law and said that more legislation on the subject is needed. The street railways, he said, should pay their full share of the taxes and there should be a reasonable and equitable reduction in streetcar fares.

## ARCHBISHOP IRELAND

Has Not Been Appointed to St. Petersburg Peace Conference.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—Archbishop Ireland positively denies the report sent from Rome to the London Daily Mail that the pope would not allow him to accept the appointment to the St. Petersburg peace conference because the vatican was not to be represented there.

"In the first place," he said, "I have not been appointed by the president to go to St. Petersburg. Secondly, if I had been appointed, it is absurd to suppose the holy father would say a word about it."

## Failed to Divide Profits.

Savannah, Jan. 5.—Two weeks ago Hugh McClair, steward on the transport Roumanian, was discharged by the ship's quartermaster. McClair said it was because he demanded of the quartermaster his share of profits made from the ship's storeroom. Since McClair's story became public, Depot Quartermaster Ballinger and Depot Commissary Butters have been making an investigation. It is alleged that nearly every one of the transports was running a bar and selling considerable liquor to the soldiers. The charge was made that exorbitant prices were charged on some of the transports and big profits for the stewards or somebody. A report has been sent to Washington.

## Unanimously Nominated.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 5.—Senator J. C. Burrows was unanimously nominated last night by the Republican caucus to succeed himself. After the nomination the senator and his late opponent, Albert Pack of Alpena, came to the capitol together, which elicited great enthusiasm from the legislators. Both addressed the caucus. As the Republicans have a large majority on joint ballot the re-election of Senator Burrows is assured.

## Roberts Censured.

Lamoni, Ia., Jan. 5.—The Lamoni branch of the Josephite church of Latter Day Saints in its regular annual session adopted a resolution censuring Congressman-elect Roberts of Utah, "as a violator of law and practical polygamist," and objecting to his being seated in congress.

## Weather.

Indiana—Fair and much colder.

## SANTIAGO CUSTOMS

Excitement Over War Department Order Due to Misapprehension.

## AN EQUITABLE DIVISION

Of Funds to Relieve Distress In the Whole Island Is What the Authorities Desire—Governor General Ordered to Furnish Work to All Able-bodied Cubans.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Regarding the sensational reports from Santiago that the whole province had been inflamed by the recent order of the war department "concentrating all customs money in Havana," thus threatening to throw thousands of Cubans out of employment it may be authoritatively stated that any excitement existing in Santiago is due to a misapprehension of the war department's order. It seems to have been taken for granted that the order contemplates sending all currency collected for custom dues to Havana and thus cutting off the governor of Santiago province from the employment of local labor. The fact is that the the officers in charge of customs at the various ports of entry are merely ordered to "make weekly reports to the collector of customs of the island at the chief port of all transactions at the subport over which he may have jurisdiction, with the copies of entries of merchandise duly certified."

The customs from all the reports in the island are to be used for the betterment of the conditions of Cubans, not only in Havana and Santiago, but elsewhere.

Expenditures will be divided as equitable as possible so as to relieve distress existing in various quarters and to make this relief correspond as nearly as possible to the emergency. It would be just as equitable, it is argued, for the port of New York to retain all the customs collected there for expenditures in the island of Manhattan, as it would be for Havana or Santiago or any other town in Cuba to gobble all the customs receipts for expenditures within their own borders.

So far from the war department contemplating any curtailment of the relief work in Cuba, an order has already been issued to the governor general directing him to furnish work to every able-bodied Cuban applying for it, at a fair rate of weekly wages, measured by Cuban standards. The order suggests that the best lines of employment are in sanitary work, road improvement and municipal works of various sorts.

It is intended to offer a chance for remunerative work to all who are able to take advantage of it, and to cut off the gratuitous distribution of rations among those natives able to work for what they eat. The employment contemplated will not be offered, however, to any resident of the island who retains his allegiance to Spain.

The plans so far formulated by the war department don't touch the payment of the Cuban army, which has been urgently requested by General Gomez, but this matter is now under advisement, and it is not impossible that the war department will hold that it is quite as much right to apply the income of Cuba to paying off these men and thus giving them a new start in life, as it is to employ laborers on public works with the same general end in view.

## NOTHING TO FEAR

From Russia and Nothing to Gain by Helping England.

London, Jan. 5.—The Daily Chronicle this morning quotes the opinion of an American now in China, who has recently toured in Siberia, Mongolia and Manchuria, as to American relations with Russia and Great Britain. He is represented as saying: "The United States has nothing to fear from Russia and nothing to gain by helping England in the coming war."

"As soon as Russia's railway schemes are completed they will Russinize and develop a country whose material wealth is unlimited. England's only hope is to organize the Chinese into a large army to oppose Russia. This may mean war, but better war now than 50 years hence, when Russia will have consolidated her power."

## WITHOUT WARNING

A Saloonkeeper Is Shot Down by a Young Farmer.

Pocahontas, Ills., Jan. 5.—Fred Brown walked into John Kesner's saloon, and, without warning, fired two shots from a revolver.



"I am still selling the 'Best' Tonic, and I have my former statement as to its worth. If every one could know it as I do, you would be unable to supply the demand. I believe I saved my wife's life."—Joseph H. Lutz, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn.

At all drug stores.

## SORE LUNGS

Sore lungs, pain in the chest and painful breathing are quickly relieved and cured by the old reliable specific, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. This remarkable remedy breaks up a cold in one night and is, without doubt, the very best medicine for all affections of the throat and lungs. It has cured thousands and will cure you. It never disappoints. Try it at once.

## Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Will quickly heal Sore Lungs. Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

a revolver at Kesner, the bullets entering below the heart, breaking two ribs and glancing upward. Brown then escaped and took refuge in Knebel's saloon, near by, where he was arrested by Constable Ward after a struggle, in which Brown shot through Ward's coat. Brown is 25 years old and has hitherto borne a good reputation. He refuses to give his reasons for the deed, and says that he can remember nothing of what occurred. Marion Brown, his father, is a prominent and wealthy farmer.

## Printing of Testimony Prohibited.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 5.—Frank M. Dorsey, late cashier of the failed First National bank of Ponca, Neb., is on trial before Judge Carland for misappropriating the bank's money. Judge Carland has issued an order prohibiting the newspapers from printing any of the testimony or commenting on the case.

## Record Breaker.

New York, Jan. 5.—Yesterday was a record breaker in the New York clearinghouse, both in amount of exchanges and the magnitude of the balances. The highest former exchanges were beaten by about \$20,000,000, having been \$315,236,000, as against \$295,000,000, the highest exchanges heretofore on record. The balances were \$17,163,000 as against the largest heretofore of \$17,000,000.

## COUNTY RECORDS.

Experts About Ready to Begin Investigating at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Jan. 5.—Hunter McCaslin and C. A. Bookwalter, the experts who have been engaged to investigate the county offices, are about ready to begin the work. They are to receive \$40 a week each and the commissioners expect them to complete the work in two months. A county employee makes this statement: "It took nine years to make the records in each of the offices to be investigated, and as there are five offices, we have 45 years of labor represented. I cannot imagine that the investigators will be able to improve much on the speed of the recordmakers; therefore, it will take them 45 years to complete their investigation. Thus at \$40 a week for each investigator, or \$2,880 a year, the county will spend \$185,400."

## C. N. WILCOXON

Indicted at Springfield, Ills., For the Fraudulent Use of Mails.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 5.—The United States grand jury yesterday indicted C. N. Wilcoxon of Decatur for using the mails for fraudulent purposes. Wilcoxon was formerly superintendent of a street railway line in Muncie, Ind. It is charged that Wilcoxon secured a position with the Decatur street railway by a fraudulent use of the mails; that he had letterheads printed bearing the name of a mythical company, the Richmond-Eaton Traction company of Richmond, Ind., and wrote to Ferguson offering him a position with that company. Ferguson resigned his Decatur position and was succeeded by Wilcoxon. Upon going to Richmond Ferguson found that no such company existed.

## SUCCESSFUL SKIN GRAFTING.

Father Submits to the Surgeon's Knife to Save His Child's Life.

Portland, Ind., Jan. 5.—A successful operation of skin grafting, the first in this section of the state, has just been completed by Dr. W. D. Schwartz of this city. The patient is little Fay Lutes, who was horribly burned a few weeks ago. The child's injuries were so deep seated that new cuticle would not form, and grafting was resorted to. Thomas Lutes, the child's father, volunteered, and the cuticle was removed from his arms and shoulders. He stood the painful operation without a murmur. His arms are quite stiff as a result.

## Traveling Man Suicides.

Goshen, Ind., Jan. 5.—William Jackson, 45 years old, the largest stockholder in the Case Baggy company, from which he lately retired as traveling salesman, committed suicide yesterday, his wife finding his dead body hanging in the barn. He was well connected and popular, having a wide acquaintance. He was depressed because of business care.

## Decision Against Weaver.

Goshen, Ind., Jan. 5.—An agreed case, involving the tenure of the county treasurer's office, was submitted to Judge Wilson, and yesterday he ruled that C. G. Sims, treasurer-elect, was entitled to possession. Delos N. Weaver, who was filling out an unexpired term, and insisted that he had a right to remain until Jan. 1, 1900, took an appeal to the supreme court.

## Normal Student Shoots Himself.

Valparaiso, Ind., Jan. 5.—Graham Kerr of Paris, Ky., a student in the Normal school here, shot himself with a revolver, the ball entering near the nipple. Believed to be a case of attempted suicide.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Sixtieth Session Convened at the Statehouse--The Organization.

## CURED BY SKIN-GRAFTING

Father Gives Up His Cuticle to Save His Child's Life—Graham Kerr of Paris, Ky., a Student at the Valparaiso (Ind.) Normal College, Attempts Suicide by Shooting.

Indianapolis, Jan. 5.—The Sixtieth general assembly of Indiana opened its session at 10 o'clock this morning. The proceedings of the first day were largely perfunctory, carrying into effect the dictates of the Republican organization caucuses held last night. These caucuses were comparatively tame affairs and were very brief. In the house the Littleton-Kimbly-DeHaven-Gibson combination went through without a break and almost unanimously. The senatorial contest had no particular effect upon the organization of the house further than that the decision of the Hanly people to support Littleton a few days ago had made certain his election. In the caucus of the senators the senatorial race had some effect and the Newby-Hugg combination won out. Newby was generally supported by the Hanly people though he got votes from the supporters of various other candidates.

The house was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock this morning by Hon. W. D. Owen, secretary of state. After prayer the body proceeded immediately to the election of officers and the following received the 60 Republican votes:

Speaker—Frank L. Littleton of Marion county.

Clerk—Fred Kimbly of Orange.

Assistant Clerk—Charles A. DeHaven of Howard.

Doorkeeper—Samuel Gibson of Delaware.

The 40 votes of the Democrats were cast for the following:

Speaker—W. H. Eichhorn of Wells county.

Clerk—Milo D. Husselman of Dekalb.

Assistant Clerk—Bruce Hite of Rush.

Doorkeeper—Fred Mannix of Allen.

The senate was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Haggard and organized by electing the following Republicans, each receiving 39 votes:

President Pro Tem—Senator L. P. Newby of Henry county.

Secretary—W. C. Converse of Wayne.

Assistant Secretary—Frank L. Wayman of Henry.

Doorkeeper—Clamor Pelzer of Warrick.

The Democrats cast their 21 votes for the following:

President Pro Tem—Joseph Shea of Scott county.

Secretary—Joseph Workman of Owen.

Assistant Secretary—Henry Stone of Noble.

Doorkeeper—Casper Gardner of Perry.

A joint committee of the two houses then waited upon the governor and informed him that the general assembly was organized and would receive any communication he might have to make. In the meantime the members of the senate repaired to the hall of the house, and Lieutenant Governor Haggard took charge of the session.

In a few minutes Governor Mount appeared and was received with prolonged applause from the crowded house and lobbies. His message was listened to with close attention. After the reading of the message was completed both houses adjourned until tomorrow morning.

After the business of nominating candidates for the various house and senate offices was completed, the Democratic senatorial caucus met in joint session and decided to give their complimentary vote to Senator Turpie.

## ROUNDING THEM UP.

Michigan Authorities Now Have Ten Richland Bank Robbery Suspects.

Warsaw, Ind., Jan. 5.—Michigan authorities have succeeded in capturing Mrs. Charles Russell, alias Harrington, who was living here, by decoying her into Michigan. She is now in the Kalamazoo jail as a witness in the Richland bank robbery case. Mrs. Russell disappeared from South Bend about the same time that her husband left. He was captured in Sandusky with "Red Larry," or Herman, as he is known among his pals. The authorities have since been scouring the country for the parties implicated in the statement of Mamie Burkett, and now have in the Kalamazoo jail 10 parties who are connected with or are witnesses in the Richland bank robbery case. Russell and Larry are to be brought from Sandusky, where they are held for making a brutal assault on a woman. The whereabouts of Mrs. Burkett are still unknown, and the authorities are said to be extremely anxious to get her, as well as Thomas Black, alias Albert Edward P. Everitt, who was released from the Columbus prison two years ago. Black is charged with being a principal in the robbery. He was last heard from in Ohio.

## Would Give No Account of Himself.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 5.—On the person of a stranger found drunk in this city yesterday were many letters addressed to Rev. S. K. Barney, North Baltimore, O., inviting him to participate in temperance revivals in various towns. He would give no account of himself and was fined. The stranger was dressed in clerical garb.

## Twelve-Year-Old Bride.

Hadley, Ind., Jan. 5.—Louis Cates and Pearl Cates, living near here, went to Greencastle, procured a license and were married. The bridegroom is 32 and the bride 12 years old. The license was secured by Zimri Frakes, who made affidavit that the girl was of marriageable age. The name Frakes is said to be fictitious.

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8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

## STATE BRIEFS.

Merchants of Peru have begun closing their stores at 6 p. m.

It is estimated that one out of every seven of the citizens of Muncie has the grip.

The wife of the Rev. Morton Wilson, near Mohawk, was kicked by a horse and alarmingly injured.

Lexington Horse Thief Detective association, in session at Vienna, condemned the lynching of Marion Tyler at Scottsburg.

Mrs. Eva Robb of Wabash, grand chief of the Rathbone Sisters, has appealed to the order to establish a home for Pythian orphans.

William Hite, killed by an accident on a bridge in Chester township, Wabash county, was a member of the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana, recently mustered out.

## Davis Renominated.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—The Republican caucus last night unanimously renominated United States Senator Cushman K. Davis to succeed himself. Mr. Davis is chairman of the senate foreign committee and a member of the Paris peace commission.

## Treasury Statement.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$294,145,307; gold reserve, \$246,173,983.

## WIRE SIFTINGS

Alme Duard Herve, editor of the Paris Soliel, is dead in his 64th year.

Rumors in London that Henry Irving, the actor, may retire from the stage because of ill health.

The large granaries of Baldo & Co., and Fern Bros., at Genesee, N. Y., were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$60,000.

The legislature of New York by a rising vote adopted a resolution commending Helen Gould for her great generosity



# EVERY BRIDE

and wife should know about the preparation that for half a century has been helping expectant mothers bring little ones into the world without danger and the hundred and one discomforts and distractions incident to child-birth. It is applied externally, which is the only way to get relief. Medicines taken internally will not help and may result in harm.

## Mother's Friend

fits and prepares every organ, muscle and part of the body for the critical hour. It robs child-birth of its tortures and pains. Baby's coming is made quick and easy. Its action is doubly beneficial if used during the whole period of pregnancy.

\$1 per bottle at all drug stores, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE, containing valuable information to all women, will be sent to any address upon application by

The Bradford Regulator Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

## Daily Republican.

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HOW. A. RIMY, }

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Six Months.....2.50  
Three Months.....1.45  
One Month......45  
One Week......10

WEEKLY.

One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1899.

It will be a relief to the members of the Legislature when the senatorial question has been settled and their full time can be given to other duties.

The news columns of some democratic papers will be a bar to calamity clatter in the editorial columns, providing consistency is considered.

SENATOR BURROWS will succeed himself in the United States senate from Michigan. He has been unanimously nominated by the republican caucus.

It is generally understood that Joseph H. Choate will be appointed ambassador to the court of St. James, succeeding John G. Hay, now secretary of state.

SOME of the friends of Hon. Z. T. Sweeney, of Columbus, are starting a boom for him for governor. So far Mr. Sweeney has disclaimed any part in the booming.

The sixty-first General Assembly of Indiana will convene at the state capital today at noon. The reading of the governor's message will be the chief feature of today's session.

The people of Scottsburg manifest much displeasure over the harsh criticism that has been directed towards the mob that lynched Marion Tyler. It is not the belief of people generally that the good citizens of Scottsburg and Scott county approve mob violence, and to show conclusively that they do not approve it they must use every effort to bring the guilty parties to justice. It is not too much to believe that it is possible to find out who composed the mob if courageous men in the community predominate.

The condition of the U. S. Treasury now and one year ago furnishes an object lesson to the world of the almost limitless financial resources of this country. Most nations emerge from a war with their finances in a more or less crippled condition. Not so with this country. We fought a victorious war, all on a cash basis, and we have a cash balance in our treasury of about \$55,000,000 more than we had one year ago. Here are the exact figures, which will arouse the envy of the richest nations of the world: Cash balance on hand January 1, 1898, \$235,474,769; Cash balance on hand January 1, 1899, \$290,000,000.

## THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

The biennial message of Governor Mount to the General Assembly should be carefully read by the people of the state. The message in itself will appeal to the best thought of the citizens and taxpayers of Indiana. The Governor touches on every public question that is now prominently before the people, and makes wise and valuable suggestions.

The message begins with a review of the state's finances which "shows that a total of \$1,320,000 of the state debt has been paid during the past two years. The need of reform in county and township government is discussed. The Governor thinks that proper safeguards are not thrown around the powers delegated to the county commissioners. That there is entirely too much disparity in the cost of county and township administrations in different parts of the state. The cost varies in different counties from 79 cents to \$15.16 per capita.

A law making counties in which lynchings take place liable in a civil suit for damages is recommended. The appointment of a committee to revise the judiciary of the state is recommended. The teaching of the science of agriculture in the public schools is discussed at length with a recommendation for the enactment of a law looking toward that end.

The Governor commends the work of the Labor Commission in the adjustment of labor difficulties that have arisen the past two years. He calls special attention to the report and recommendations of the Fish Commissioner.

The laws enacted two years ago relative to the Indiana Reformatory are commended. One board of managers for all the penal and correctional institutions for males is advised. The subject of good roads comes in for some valuable recommendations. The non-partisan management of the state institutions is spoken of as wise and most efficient. The criminally insane the Governor says should be provided for.

The Governor sees the need of school legislation. "A broad and liberal spirit demands some change in the school management of the state," says the governor. He says there are "serious objections to the present composition of the State Board of Education."

The insurance laws, health, statistics, assessments and taxation, farmers' institutes, board of state charities, Indiana's part in the war and many other questions come in for discussion and recommendations that will be of great value to the legislature.

Colorado has a long lead as a gold-producing state, its output in 1898, being \$27,500,000, against \$13,000,000 in 1896. And yet Senator Teller weeps for 16 to 1 and foretells ruin if it is not adopted.

## THE DREADED CONSUMPTION

T. A. Slocum, M. C., the Great Chemist and Scientist, Will Send Free, to the Afflicted, Three Bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and All Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than the offer of T. A. Slocum, M. C., of 183 Pearl St., New York City.

Confound that he has discovered an absolute cure for consumption and all pulmonary complaints, and to make its great merits known, he will send, free, three bottles of medicine, to any reader of the Seymour REPUBLICAN who is suffering from chest, bronchial, throat and lung troubles or consumption.

Already this "new scientific course of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

The doctor considers it his religious duty—a duty which he owes to humanity—to donate his infallible cure.

Offered freely, is enough to commend it, and more so is the perfect confidence of the great chemist making the proposition.

He has proved the dreaded consumption to be a curable disease beyond any doubt.

## THE MESSAGE

### Governor Mount Reviews the Needs of the State and Makes Recommendations.

#### REDUCTION OF STATE DEBT

The Three-Cent Tax Levy Should Be Continued—County and Township Reform Is Urged and Lynching Strongly Condemned—Science of Agriculture in the Schools—Labor Commission—Good Roads.

The following is Governor Mount's message to the general assembly of Indiana:

#### THE MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives.

"The people of Indiana have chosen you to represent them in the Sixty-first general assembly. They have reposed in you their confidence, and you now enter upon the responsible duty of enacting laws for the promotion of public welfare.

"The constitution makes it incumbent upon the governor 'from time to time to give the general assembly information of the affairs of the state and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall deem expedient.'

"I deem it unnecessary to review the work of the various institutions of the state. The reports of these will be printed and put upon your desks for your examination. The last general assembly enacted a law providing for the appointment of a committee to visit, examine and report the condition and needs of the various state institutions. In obedience to this law a committee, consisting of Hon. Francis T. Root (author of the bill), Hon. Fremont Goodwine and Hon. Strathairn Herod, was appointed. With this committee's report, added to the published reports of the state institutions, I think it important to prolong this message with references thereto, but shall give the time to the consideration of other important questions.

#### State Finances—Three Cent Levy.

"The reduction of the state's indebtedness has continued during the past two years with the most gratifying results. Funds accumulating in the treasury have been promptly used in taking up outstanding bonds, and a large amount of interest has thus been saved to the taxpayers. Payments on the state debt have been made as follows:

March 29, 1897.....	\$130,000
June 31, 1897.....	80,000
July 7, 1897.....	100,000
Oct. 28, 1897.....	100,000
Jan. 20, 1898.....	100,000
Feb. 10, 1898.....	100,000
July 13, 1898.....	100,000
Aug. 30, 1898.....	100,000
Dec. 30, 1898.....	300,000
Dec. 31, 1898.....	800,000
Total.....	\$1,820,000

"The three-cent levy for the state sinking fund should be continued until the entire indebtedness has been paid off.

"There is a widespread feeling that the taxes levied for state purposes form the larger portion of the burden imposed upon taxpayers, but this popular fallacy is entirely dispelled by a single statement of facts, by way of comparison. The amount levied for state purposes (aside from the school fund, which is 11 cents on the 100, and 1 1/2 cents for educational purposes) is only 17 cents, out of which all expenses of state government, including the judiciary, are paid—including also payments on state debt—while the average county levy is \$14.47.

"These comparisons are cited in the hope that they may awaken the people to a more complete realization of the fact that complaint of oppression on account of taxation is due in large measure to local causes rather than to incompetency, mismanagement or extravagance on the part of those into whose charge is given the administration of the fiscal affairs of the commonwealth."

The governor then pays a high compliment to the retiring auditor, A. C. Duty. Treasurer F. J. Scholz and Auditor-elect Hart for the gratifying condition of the state's finances.

"In this connection it is pertinent to mention that in the prosecution of the Spanish-American war, Indiana advanced to the federal government a sum of money approximating \$200,000. This was used in the mobilization, equipment and forwarding of this state's quota of troops, conformably with the call of the president. All claims on this account have been filed with the proper authorities at Washington and are being adjusted as expeditiously as possible. Claims to the amount of \$107,102.55 have already been formally passed upon by the auditor of the war department, and a warrant for that amount was deposited with the state treasurer on Dec. 29, 1898. The remainder of Indiana's claims against the general government are in process of adjustment, and it is confidently expected that complete remuneration will be accomplished within a comparatively brief period. It is gratifying to know that all reports agree that Indiana's pending claims on account of the war are in better shape than those of any other state in the Union."

A tabulated statement of the foreign and domestic debt shows: Foreign debt, \$4,910,000; state stock certificates, \$6,615.12; domestic debt, \$484,000; total state debt, \$5,400,015.12; the interest on which is \$176,925.

County and Township Reform.

"The need of reform in laws and methods of county and township government is manifest to all. There are not the proper safeguards around the powers delegated to county commissioners. They have power to levy taxes, make contracts, spend money and make allowances and audit the books. Section 7550 of Burns' Revised Statutes of 1894 gives too much discretionary power to the county board. The state statistician, in answer to questions, finds that some counties have purchased court libraries. There is no law for such expenditure. The prodigality with which county funds are expended in some counties is the outgrowth of following precedents on the ascending scale. Attorneys employed by commissioners in county litigation are not infrequently paid fees five times as large as would be paid for like service rendered to an individual client. Judges of the court are often extravagant in their allowances. My attention has been called to the disparity in such allowances by different judges for like service. The expenditures of the township officials last year for 'outdoor relief' amounted to \$575,206.92. This enormous expense is startling, and reveals the dangerous methods and lack of proper regard for public money."

"The forthcoming report of the state statistician will reveal in township government a great disparity of costs per capita. The report will show a difference in the total county expenditures that varies from 79 cents to \$15.16 per capita, or a disparity of nearly 2,000 per cent. It shows a county of a little more than 32,000 inhabitants expends for county purposes five times as much money as another county of more than 70,000 inhabitants.

"The cost of enforcement of criminal laws varies from 3 cents per capita to 29 cents.

"The expense of elections, etc., repairs, and all other expenditures, varies from 31 cents up to \$8.32 per capita.

"I believe it safe to conclude, if proper safeguards are placed about these offices, wise business and economic methods adopted by counties, courts and townships, there could be a saving of 20 per cent of present taxes for county and township purposes. The people demand a reform that will lessen the burden of taxation and not a misnomer that will augment expenses.

#### Indiana's Good Name Dishonored.

"The good name of Indiana has been dishonored by a lawless mob that took from the jail in Ripley county and lynched five men charged with burglary. Even if these men had been by a court found guilty, as charged, the punishment would have been imprisonment, and not death. All sense of justice and safety revolts against the mob as a tribunal for pronouncing judgments or administering punishment. Every person charged with crime has the right, under the constitution and laws of the state, to a fair and impartial trial. For a better guarantee of this right and to awaken a more lively interest in the counties against lynchings and whitecappings, I recommend the enactment of a law making the county responsible for such conditions and liable in a civil suit for damages. In the case of lynching the nearest of kin should be authorized to institute the suit, and for the offense of whitecapping, the aggrieved party should have the right to recover damages. Any sheriff who permits a prisoner to be taken from his custody by a mob should be required by law to forfeit his office. Law enforcement of laws eventually results in the people taking the law into their own hands.

"Quite recently the good name of Indiana has again been disgraced by a lawless mob, who took from the Scott county jail a prisoner who was soon to be tried by a court of justice. There are no palliating circumstances connected with this brutal murder. Indications point to a conspiracy against this man's life, for the purpose of sealing his lips in death, lest damaging disclosures in trial might reveal the wickedness and crime of others. This atrocious murder appeals with new force to the legislators of Indiana for the enactment of a law that will forever stop this mockery of justice."

Judiciary.

The governor recommends the appointment of a committee, to report at the next session of the legislature, to have in charge a thorough revision of the judiciary of the state. It is suggested by the executive that court districts could be established with the number of judges to correspond with the size of the district, and the judges thus chosen could alternate and thus do away with the special judges, who have cost the state \$49,084.60 during the last three years. The governor says that under such a system fewer judges would be necessary to transact the business than now and better salaries could be paid as an inducement to securing the best men.

"During the past year repeated violations of the penal laws of the state against the waste of natural gas by the Standard and other oil companies were permitted to go unpunished."

"The state could not bring suit for a temporary injunction or restraining order because the general statutes governing injunctions do not permit any restraining order or temporary injunction to be granted to the state, or any private litigant, without bond (R. S. 1894, Sec. 1,167). I therefore earnestly urge that immediate action be taken by the legislature on this subject. I recommend that the attorney general be given authority, in the name of the state of Indiana, without bond, to prosecute or defend any action that has been or shall hereafter be begun, where the state is interested in the result of the action."

#### Science of Agriculture in Schools—Labor Commission.

The governor quotes copiously from numerous public men, scientists, teachers and agriculturists in favor of teaching the primary principles of agriculture in the public schools and commends "the

enactment of a law looking to the introduction of nature study, or the primary principles of the science of agriculture into our school curriculum."

"This commission, through its acts, has demonstrated the wisdom of the law that created it. The commissioners have, in a little more than 18 months, investigated 39 strikes and lockouts. They failed in but seven instances to adjust differences, and in two of these one party to the contests was nonresident, over whom the commissioners had no jurisdiction. Through the efforts of the commission 13,815 strikers have been put to work. Thus it is manifest that hundreds of thousands of dollars have been saved to capital and labor within our borders, the peace and dignity of the state preserved. I believe the time has come when such differences should be adjudicated in a lawful court of arbitration, where unbiased reason rules and where the evidence of both parties is heard. I believe the finding of such court should be mandatory. Provision should be made whereby the aggrieved party could immediately appeal to the circuit court, the decision of this court to be binding and duly enforced."

#### Reform Institutions.

"These laws, enacted two years ago, embody that which the constitution of the state, since its organization, contemplated, that 'The penal code shall be founded on the principle of reformation, and not vindictive justice.' The wisdom of these laws finds ample justification in practical results, as shown by the reports of the penal institutions. In order that all prisoners convicted of like crimes may share equally in the administration of punishment, I recommend that the boards of control be empowered to apply the grade system and the parole law to all prisoners convicted of crimes that admit them to the provisions of the indeterminate sentence law. I recommend the enactment of a law that will give to the trustees of the Boys' Reform School the power to transfer incorrigibles to the Indiana Reformatory, where they shall in all things be subject to the law governing that institution."

"I believe the time is opportune for the placing of all the penal and correctional institutions for males under one board of management. Transfers can then be made from one to another without any friction and with less complication and expense."

#### Benevolent Institutions.

"Never in the history of the benevolent institutions of the state has the management been more efficient or so free from scandal. The per capita cost of maintenance is less than ever before. The highest efficiency can only be maintained through the most competent and experienced management. Partisan control cannot assure either. Competency grows with experience. Partisan management of state institutions means a change in the government of the same with each transfer of political power in the state. If the management of these institutions is to be given as reward to politicians, then, as a logical sequence, the larger the salary the better the reward; the more places provided, the more workers rewarded. Extravagance and incompetency result, scandal follows, and the people at the polls rebuke the debasing system by defeating the party responsible for it."

#### The Trusts.

"The report of the labor commissioners of this state reveals that 'no proposition involving settlements of labor controversies present as great obstacles as those in which trusts are parties to agreements. In every encounter with labor the workingman, however just their cause, emerge from the conflict the greater sufferers. The opportunities of trusts in regard to wage reductions are exceptional, and their desires are always equal to their opportunities. They are not trammeled by state laws and they defy federal authority.'

"Not only is the trust potent in controlling wages, but in lobbying their interests in law-making bodies and in controlling the price of their products. Any combination or trust formed for the purpose of arbitrarily controlling the price of any product or article of manufacture or commerce, or any insurance combination, by which a compact or organization, or conspiracy or confederation, is entered into for the purpose of controlling and determining the rate of insurance, should be prohibited and severely punished as a conspiracy against the law of supply and demand and as antagonistic to fair competition."

"The law enacted two years ago is not sufficient, and the attorney general of the state did not feel justified in attempting to prosecute trusts under its provisions."

"I would urge upon this legislature the need of a law drastic enough to prevent these conspiracies against fair competition and just wages."

#### State Board of Education.

"There are some serious objections to the present composition of the state board of education. One of these objections, founded upon justice, is that the counties have no representation on this board. It is in the township and district schools that the poorest school advantages are offered, and these have no champion or representative on the board. The three state institutions, numbering perhaps 8,000 students, have three representatives. The school enumeration of the state shows 754,945. Of this number, approximately 40 per cent belong to city schools and have three representatives, while 60 per cent, or 455,165, belong to township and district schools, and have no representation on the state board."

#### Indiana's Insurance Laws.

"The fee and salary law of 1895 repealed the law allowing the auditor of state 10 per cent of all fees collected from insurance companies. During Mr. Daily's four years' incumbency of the office there has been collected in the insurance department, \$684,249.98. Under existing laws, prior to 1895, 10 per cent of this amount, or \$68,424.98, would have been a part of the auditor's emoluments. Under laws now in force, it has only cost the state the salary of one insurance clerk, at \$1,800 per year."

"There was paid in premiums for foreign life insurance companies for the fiscal year ending July 1, 1898, \$4,209,009.47, and there was received back to the state on policies \$1,294,555.57, or a loss to the state of \$2,914,453.90.

"Upon inquiry of the insurance department of Ohio, I have received a statement showing the cost to the state of the insurance commission to be \$17,500 annually, and that the amount collected during the last fiscal year was \$130,000. A statement, in answer to a similar inquiry directed to the insurance commissioner of Illinois, reveals that the cost in salaries of the insurance commission is \$21,000 per year, the amount collected being \$176,889.99. In Indiana the amount collected last year, through the insurance department of the auditor of state's office, was in excess of \$208,000, at a cost to the state of only \$1,800."

"It is clearly manifest, therefore, that Indiana does not need an insurance commission, with its multiplied expenses. I would, however, recommend that one additional clerk be furnished the insurance department of the state auditor's office. This will enable the office to make a more thorough investigation of the securities filed and of the financial standing of all companies doing business in the state, thus guaranteeing to the people safety, as far as possible, against irresponsible companies."

"Fire insurance companies should be held responsible for the actions of their agents. When an agent accepts and agrees upon a cash value of property and writes a policy based upon this value, and the insured pays premiums in good faith, then, in the event of total loss, the company should be compelled to abide by their agent's appraisal and pay the loss in full."

"There was paid last fiscal year in premiums to foreign fire insurance companies \$3,606,842.40, and received back on losses \$1,536,306.64, a net loss to the state of \$2,070,535.76."

#### Insane Hospitals.

"It will be your duty to provide additional accommodations for the unfortunate insane wards of the state. My attention has been called to the lax provision of law for admission to the insane hospitals. No insane person should be admitted as a ward of the state who is not a legal resident of the same. I would recommend additions to the present hospitals, instead of a new hospital located on a new site, as this would necessitate augmented expenses on account of the purchase of new location and a new board of officers and managers."

#### Appeals For Appropriations.

"It is manifest that the appeals for appropriations for the erection of new buildings, etc., in connection with state penal, benevolent and educational institutions will be an unusually large amount. It is the duty of the general assembly to give earnest attention to these requests and to scrupulously guard against anything in the nature of extravagance. It should be borne in mind that a large proportion of the taxpayers of this state, who will be called upon to bear a part of the burden of increased expenditures, are compelled to practice that rigid economy in their homes that deprives them not only of conveniences and luxuries, but many of the common necessities of life. This large class of worthy citizens will have no one but their chosen representatives to look after their interests in the legislature, and I have confidence in the ability and integrity of this body to deal conservatively and wisely with these grave problems."

#### Indiana in the Recent War.

"In the course of this message proper I will not undertake to enter into a detailed recital of Indiana's part in the Spanish-American war. \* \* \* I direct attention especially to the reports of the paymaster general and the surgeon general, respectively, detailing the operations of those departments. It will be observed that the paymaster general corrects a popular misapprehension in stating that no deductions on clothing account were made, except in the case of officers, all of which is in strict compliance with law. Most of the uniforms furnished the Indiana national guardsmen, when they enlisted in the federal service, were comparatively new. Some of the soldiers were furnished uniforms badly worn. The government receipted to the quartermaster for these uniforms. Subsequently a board of survey was appointed to fix the value of these uniforms furnished by the quartermaster general of the state. Some of the volunteers desired the quartermaster to furnish this equipment without charge. This he could not do and render a proper accounting to the state."

"I therefore call the attention of the legislature to this matter, and, if it shall be shown that an injustice has been done, prompt and ample reparation should be made."

"The Indiana volunteers for the war with Spain have made an honorable record and the patriotism and devotion to duty they have manifested on all occasions are deserving of the highest commendation."

#### Necessity of Good Roads.

"Good roads are indispensable to progress and development. The highest attainments in rural life, socially, mentally or financially, cannot be attained when bad roads abound. Discontent with country life is the fruitage of the threshold of mud roads. Two years ago I said to the general assembly that, 'while the road laws needed improving, their execution needed revolution.' The same need exists today in an aggravated form. The law requiring the road supervisor to work all able-bodied men on the highways during the months of April, May and June, in many instances, is not faithfully enforced, and in some cases absolutely ignored."

"The average road levy by the township trustee is about 20 cents on the \$100. This raises a vast revenue, which is not expended with judgment and fidelity. The railroads of the state are assessed, in round numbers, at \$154,000,000. This would create a revenue of nearly \$800,000. This is 'farmed out' between the railroads and the supervisor. A discount is made to the railroad, the 'go-between' makes his thousands, some of the supervisors profit by the method, and the cause of good roads suffers. The farmer is allowed to work out his road tax often by a slipshod method, which, if pursued by a road contractor, would end in bankruptcy. The supervisor should be held under bond to faithfully execute the duties of his office. He should be given power to compel every man owing service to the highways under the law to perform the same. All road tax should be paid in cash, reserving to the payer

the right to work out the same, for which he should be paid in cash, provided he responds to the call of the supervisor when given the opportunity to perform such work, and accepting the lawful price for such services.

#### Soldiers' Monument.

"The state has shown great liberality in the vast amount of money it has expended in the erection of a monument to her brave sons. In the years to come this monument will do more than commemorate the valor and sacrifice of our patriotic soldiers; it will also attest the appreciation of such service by all the people of the state. This monument has been so long in construction that the managerial expenses amount to a vast sum. An appropriation should be made for the completion of this work, with a specific provision that it shall be done within a stipulated time, in order that the expense of supervision of construction may cease."

#### Wants a Primary Election Law.

"The safety and perpetuity of a free government is in the keeping of the people. If corrupt men are selected to make laws, and if incompetent men are chosen to fill official positions, then evil results are certain to follow. The nomination of candidates for office should be as far removed as possible from the dominance of political leaders and ring politicians, giving to all voters an equal, free and untrammelled right to be heard in the selection of candidates. I therefore recommend the enactment of a strict primary election law."

#### Indiana State Soldiers' Home.

"The report of the board of trustees of the Indiana State Soldiers' Home has been printed and put upon your desks. I would recommend that the legislature authorize the selling of 50 acres of ground belonging, but not adjacent, to the home. The disconnection with the home makes the land of but little value to the same, except the small income from rent. The proceeds from such sale may be properly used in needed improvements of the grounds. The board deems this method of securing funds for needed improvements wiser than asking for an appropriation."

#### State Printing.

"The act of 1885, providing for public printing, binding and stationery, should be amended so as to more explicitly state what departments should receive their printing and stationery out of the printing fund, and also the number of copies of each report that should be printed, exclusive of the documentary journal. In amending this law it would be well to reduce the number of senate and house journals to the demand for the same. The number of senate and house journals and documentary journals that have accumulated in the basement of the statehouse augment the danger from fire, as well as revealing unnecessary expense in public printing. The printing board should have discretionary power where the legislature creates new departments and fails to provide the necessary printing and stationery required in the discharge of their duties."

"There should be a law requiring better business methods in supplying the legislature with stationery and supplies of different kinds. An examination of the requisitions made by the committees of former legislatures will emphasize the need for the law herein suggested."

#### Farmers' Institutes.

"The farm institutes of the state, under the supervision of the faculty of Purdue University, and under the direct control of Professor W. C. Latta, superintendent of the experimental farm at Purdue, have accomplished much good for agriculture and horticulture. In these institutes practical questions are discussed, thus preparing the farmer to meet in an intelligent way the new conditions and to solve the problems confronting the husbandman today. The amount appropriated for this work is \$5,000. I recommend that this amount be increased to at least \$7,500. The appropriation, thus increased, will be but half the amount appropriated by a majority of the surrounding states for carrying forward this work. The good being thus accomplished is deserving of the highest commendation."

#### Criminal Insane.

"There are now four insane convicts in the Indiana Reformatory and 15 in the state prison. The law now makes provision for an insanity inquest and the removal of the insane convicts to the insane hospitals. This cannot be carried out for lack of room. It is unwise, even if there should be room. I recommend that a place be provided for these insane criminals in connection with one of the insane hospitals, where they can be cared for and kept separate from other prisoners and away from the inmates of the insane hospitals."

#### Imported Orphan Children.

"For many years Indiana has been the dumping-ground for dependent children of other states. Within a few years several thousand of these have been placed within our borders. They occupy the places that should be filled by the children we are supporting in orphan's homes. In addition, a certain part of them become dependent, and some in prisons, insane hospitals and other institutions, remain a lifetime burden on the state. Indiana children are certainly as desirable as those from elsewhere. We should provide for them. Only persons or organizations duly authorized by the board of state charities should be permitted to place children from without the state in families within our borders, and a sufficient bond should be required to indemnify the state against any expense by reason of any such child becoming dependent. The work of the board of state charities, through the state agency, in accordance with the provisions of the so-called dependent children's law, in relieving the public of expense and placing children in family homes, is commended."

#### Amendment to School Law.

"The law requiring the state board of education, or the 'board of commissioners,' to advertise for 21 consecutive days in one daily paper of general circulation in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis, at each letting of a contract of schoolbooks, should be amended. Advertisement in the great metropolitan journals outside the state is a useless expense. The superintendent of public instruction, in view of the approaching letting of a contract, is already deluged with letters



from public houses, desiring to make bids, and this, too, before any advertising has been done. The \$1,000 appropriated to meet this expense is held not to be continuous, while the statute makes the advertising mandatory. When the statutes command work requiring the outlay of money in its performance, they should also make provision for the money to meet the necessary expense.

State Entomologist.  
"The appearance in the orchards of this state of the San Jose scale and other dangerous insects, and also of fungus growths, thus endangering the horticultural interests, made it necessary, in obedience to the demands of many men, to appoint, in the absence of law, a state entomologist. Nurserymen could not, in some instances, ship their stock without the state, unless accompanied by a certificate from a state entomologist that their stock was free from the San Jose scale. Necessity having thus become a law, I appointed Professor James Troop of Purdue University to this office for the time. I therefore recommend the passage of a law creating such an office and defining the duties and powers of such official.

Visiting Committee.  
"The scandals growing out of the deplorable conditions existing in many of the jails and poorhouses of the counties of the state call for legislation upon this question. I therefore recommend the enactment of a law authorizing the circuit judge to appoint for each county a non-partisan committee, to be composed of men and women, who shall visit at least once every three months all the charitable and penal institutions of the county and report to the state board of charities their condition, said committee to serve without compensation.

Convict Labor.  
"A bill has been prepared and will be presented for your consideration looking to the furnishing of work for the convicts in the state prison. From humanitarian considerations the bill should become a law. It will afford temporary relief until some better plan can be enacted into law.

Livestock Sanitary Commission.  
"It is estimated that the loss of livestock from infectious and contagious diseases in this state amounts to from \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000 annually. It is of great importance that heroic remedies be applied and that the highest veterinary skill shall be employed to stop or minimize this great loss.

"Our present law is crude, expensive, and does not meet the demands of the livestock interests. My distinguished predecessor, the lamented Governor Matthews, in his message of 1897, after speaking of the crudity and expense of the present commission, said: 'I would recommend that the commission be discontinued, and in lieu thereof a competent veterinary surgeon be appointed by the governor, to be known as the state veterinarian, and to discharge the duties now devolving upon the sanitary commission.' I desire to commend the above recommendation as needful to best protect the livestock interests of the state. The veterinarian should make such scientific study, investigation and experiments as he shall deem necessary in relation to the prevention and cure of diseases among animals, and disseminate information concerning the same.

"Local health boards should co-operate with the state veterinarian to prevent the spread of diseases, and that officer should have power to quarantine and condemn. The governor should still have power, by proclamation, to quarantine the state against the importation of diseased animals.

Sweeney's Report.  
"I beg to call especial attention to the valuable report of the state fish commissioner. Through a judicious appropriation, coupled with some wise laws for the protection and propagation of fish, and for the stocking of Indiana lakes and streams with game fish, this interest can be made a source of revenue to the people of the state, as well as affording healthful recreation and wholesome sport.

"In conclusion, gentlemen, I trust that a spirit of concord and good will may characterize your deliberations. Important matters have been suggested for your consideration. The time allotted for your important work is brief, thus rendering it of the utmost importance that earnest attention be given to legislative matters from the beginning of the session, thus obviating the rushing haste that usually attends the closing of the session."

JAMES A. MOUNT.

Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair,  
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

DR.  
**PRICE'S**  
CREAM  
BAKING  
POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD

#### WEATHER INDICATIONS

CHICAGO, ILL., Jan. 5.—Indiana; Fair tonight probably followed by rain or snow during Friday.

Cox

#### MARRIED.

George Esenberger and Miss Adelaide Moss repaired to the M. E. parsonage at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening, January 4, 1899 when Rev. J. M. Baxter said the words that made them husband and wife. May their wedded life be pleasant. They took the evening train for the north on a bridal visit.

William Toborg and Miss Henrietta Brightfield, respected young people, were united in marriage, Wednesday evening, January 4, 1899, at the home of the bride two miles southeast of Seymour, with Rev. F. Daries, of the St. Paul Protestant church tying the nuptial knot.

#### Noted For Longevity.

Dr. James S. Shields, who is here visiting relatives and old friends talks interestingly of the longevity of the Shields family. Mrs. Sara Shields, who died at Vernon in 1834 was the mother of three sons and three daughters, their ages then ranging from six months to eighteen years. All of them are now living and enjoying good health. William P. Shields, of Jennings county, who is now eighty-one years of age, is the oldest and Dr. James S. Shields, formerly of Seymour, the youngest, is sixty-five years old. Their aggregate ages is 451 years, or an average of seventy-five years. Dr. James M. Shields and W. T. Shields, of this city, are grandchildren of Mrs. Sara Shields.

#### BORN.

A son was born to Baisar Olinger and wife, of Peters Switch, Wednesday, January 4.

A daughter was born to Fred Frank and wife, Tuesday, January 3.

#### The M. E. Sewing Society.

The M. E. Sewing Society will meet tomorrow, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock with Mrs. Mary Cline on Brown street.

Sweet cider, fancy honey, Graham flour, F. Teckemeyer.

Fresh oysters, celery, kraut, sweet potatoes, Hancock's.

Arthur DeGolyer is reading law in John M. Lewis' office.

A number of Seymour merchants are at work invoicing stock on hand and making plans for 1899 business.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP IS a most valuable remedy for all throat and lung affections. It cures a cough or cold in one day. Doses are small. Results sure. Price 25 cts. a bottle.

Oysters, celery, sweet potatoes, pickles, Hancock's.

House for rent, see Geo F. Beckman.

Blue Ribbon Remedies for the Grip never fails. Get them at Cox's Pharmacy.

Mrs. Celia Smock, superintendent of the "Door of Hope" Indianapolis, will speak at the union meeting at the Baptist church tonight. The work for fallen women is a most important one. Come and hear Mrs. Smock.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP IS sure to cure incipient consumption. This remarkable remedy will stop the wasting away of the patient, and in a short time effect a cure.

FOR SALE.—Property at No. 20. East Second street. Inquire at No. 411, East Fourth street. M. W. F.

PINCE DYING.—Ladies' wear, men's wear, chenille curtains. Work guaranteed. Sherman Day, South Chestnut street.

#### BUSINESS NOTES.

Peter Smith is here from Madison on business.

Adolph Strauss went today to North Vernon on business.

H. B. Wilds, of Newark, O., is in the city on business.

J. E. Muirbarger is in the city from Cincinnati on business.

C. D. Engleman is in the city from Louisville on business.

H. F. Fields, of Bedford, was in the city today on business.

C. A. Gillman, of Warsaw, came today to the city on business.

Frank Branaman, of Brownstown, came up today on business.

Samuel and James Gray, of Medora, came up today on business.

C. H. Dennison came here today from Richmond on business.

R. F. Hamfield, of Indianapolis, was in the city today on business.

James R. Willard, of Bedford, was in the city today on business.

Frank Wolfe, of Michigan City, was in the city today on business.

G. W. Morrison came here today from Danville on special business.

John D. Moray and J. E. Hill, of Indianapolis, are here on business.

J. B. Johnson and Miss Maud Johnson went to Brownstown today on business.

M. C. Clayton, and O. O. Kennedy, of Indianapolis, were here today on business.

Simeon Roth and R. F. Hamilton, of Wabash, came to the city today on business.

T. J. Stanfield was near Waymansville yesterday measuring lumber for shipment.

Tyre A. Todd, a business man of Norman's came to the city today on business.

John W. Conner came home this morning from a business trip to Chicago.

Charles Rinehart left today for Los Angeles, Cal., where he expects to be his condition.

Charles W. Nesbit and Miss Anna Nesbit, of Rushville, came here today on business.

G. W. Cox, of Holton, was in the city today and favored the REPUBLICAN with a business call.

J. D. Robinson, of Sidney, O., and J. G. Clayton, of Brazil, were business visitors here today.

White river is getting into the low bayous and rising rapidly from the effect of the rain this week.

Joint Senator Josiah Gwin, of the Public Press, New Albany, went to Indianapolis last evening on business.

#### RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

The B. & O. S.-W. has given an order for forty-five new engines.

Granville Whitson, of the Valley line, was in the city today.

#### COURT NOTES.

The case of the State, ex rel. of Rosa Tucker vs Orva Gray attracted considerable attention in Justice Thurston's court. The defendant was bound over to circuit court in the sum of \$300, which was furnished by his father. Mrs. Smock, matron of the Door of Hope at Indianapolis, and W. B. Streeter, state board of charities were present at the trial.

#### An Unexpected Death.

A lady, whose name we did not learn, who was at her sister's Mrs. Frank Ruddick's of New Driftwood, was found dead in bed this forenoon. Breakfast had been served to her about 7 o'clock, and though an invalid, she was apparently about in her usual health. Later when members of the family entered her room she was found dead. Deputy Coroner Will Hustedt was summoned and went out there this afternoon.

#### Notice.

In 1895 there was a law passed known as the Nicholson Law, which has been disregarded in this city. From and after this date it will be enforced.

A. B. DOUGLASS,  
Constable Jackson Township.

#### Week of Prayer.

Thursday, Baptist church, Rev. J. M. Baxter.

Friday, M. E. church, Rev. J. W. Clevenger.

No meeting on Saturday night.

Miss Juliet Corson, Founder of the

## New York Cooking School

says: "I have used Cleveland's baking powder with entire satisfaction in the preparation of breads, biscuits and cakes; I find it specially desirable for hot breakfast and luncheon breads; the addition of a teaspoonful to a pound of flour will greatly improve the lightness and digestibility of plain pastry."

## Cleveland's Baking Powder

#### PERSONAL.

Dr. S. P. Yenna and wife, of Shoals went to Indianapolis to see friends.

Ben F. Scott is very sick with the grip at the home of Louis Heller.

F. E. Simon, of Madison, came here today to visit M. W. Waite and family.

J. B. Wilson and Miss Mina Wilson, of Speeds, came up to the city today to see friends.

Marshal Abe Thicksten, who has had a severe tussle with the grip, is some better.

Mrs. Fred Clark went today to Franklin to visit her sister-in-law, Mrs. M. C. McDaniels.

Miss Hettie Bland returned today to Brownstown from a visit to Elder Thomas Jones and family.

Mrs. W. H. Hazard, of Reddington went today to Brownstown to visit her brother, O. S. Brooke and family.

Miss Ida Hunsucker returned today to Vallonia from a visit to her uncle, Henry Hunsucker and family.

A serious freight wreck occurred last night at Holman in which a Big Four train broke in two and the ends came together with such force as to do considerable damage. Wrecking foreman Samuel Hodapp and crew went down to put the cars on the rails.

#### In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

#### Have You a Son, Brother

Husband or Lover in the Army or Navy? Mail him today a 25c. package of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. All who march, walk or stand need it. It cures aching, tired, sore swollen, sweating feet, and makes hot tight or new shoes. Feet can't blister, get Sore or Callous where Allen's Foot-Ease is used. 10,000 testimonials. All druggists and shoe stores sell, 25c Sample sent Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted Le Roy, N. Y.

#### The Grip is Here.

It may call on you today. Meet it at the door with a smile and a box of Blue Ribbon Cold Tablets. It cures in eleven hours. Taken in time will prevent it. Price 10 cents.

Cox's PHARMACY.

#### Notice.

The stockholders of the First National Bank will meet at the banking house in Seymour, Ind., on Tuesday, Jan. 10, 1899, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the purpose of electing five directors to serve one year, J. H. ANDREWS, Cashier

In its advanced and chronic form a cold in the head is known as Nasal Catarrh and is the recognized source of other diseases. Having stood the test of continued successful use, Ely's Cream Balm is recognized as a specific for membranous diseases in the nasal passages, and you make a great mistake in not resorting to this treatment in your own case. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it.

KINDLING for sale by R. F. White.

#### Tried and True.

Thousands have tried Dr. Cadwell's Syrup Pepsin for constipation, indigestion and sick headache and have found it true to the claim made for it, viz: that it is the best remedy now before the good people for the relief of stomach troubles. Trial sizes 10c, large sizes 50c and \$1.00 of A. J. Pellens, Druggists.

#### Useful Presents for Christmas

#### Are Appreciated Such As

Collars,  
Cuffs,  
Neckwear,  
Suspenders,  
Shirts,  
Gloves,  
Mufflers,  
Handkerchiefs,  
In  
Silk Jabonet  
And  
Linen,  
Umbrellas,  
Hats,  
Caps,  
Overgaiters,  
Slippers,  
Shoes,  
Rubbers,  
Suits,  
And  
Overcoats.

Don't fail to see us if you want any of the above goods. We will save you time and money by seeing our line. Just received a new lot of Felt Boots.

## The Klondyke,

14 S. CHESTNUT ST.

WM. E. DEHLER, Mgr.

We Dye to Live and Live to Die.

## A. H. CARLSTEDT,

PRACTICAL

## Dyer and Clothes Cleaner.

Clothing of all kinds Cleaned, Dyed and Pressed; also cleans Gloves, Furs, Hats, Curtains, Upholstery, Etc. Dresses dyed without ripping. 23 years practical experience. 23 E. Second St., Seymour, Ind.

## J. O. WHITE,

## HIGH GRADE PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Low Prices. Terms Easy.  
Salesroom: S. Chestnut St., Seymour.

## Up-to-Date Restaurant.

Having purchased the Murray Restaurant, on Cincinnati Ave. I am prepared to furnish

## First-class Meals and Lunch

at all hours. Oysters served in any style. Give me a call.

## C. R. EASTMAN,

Successor to R. J. Murray.  
SEYMOUR, IND.

## PERRY A. JONES, Real Estate, Loan and Rental Agent.

SEYMOUR, IND.

Property bought, sold or exchanged. City property rented and carefully looked after. All business placed in my hands will receive prompt attention.

## The New Year

Brings new conditions and new efforts. We have had very pleasant dealings with all. Let us continue to have such dealings and strive to do more for each other this year. We carry a full line of drugs, druggists sundries, toilet articles, paints and oils.

Prescriptions carefully compounded. Do you need anything in our line? Call at

## Bear's Den Pharmacy

Third and Ewing St., Seymour.

#### BIG REDUCTION ON

## CLOAKS!

25 to 50 per cent. Less than Regular Price.

L. F. Miller & Co.

Capacity, 120 Tons Daily.

Ice Storage Capacity, 10,000 Tons.

## The John Ebner Ice Co.

Factories in Vincennes and Seymour.

Car Load Lots a Specialty.

All Orders Promptly Filled.

We are now ready to deliver ice to the consumer in any quantity, wholesale or retail. For prices, etc, see driver or call up telephone No. 4.

## Special Bargains!

Until January 9 1899, Rare Bargains may be had at the Mammoth Jewelry store of

## S. V. HARDING,

110 W. SECOND ST.

#### Mould Your Boy's Taste.

Get him into the habit of wearing nice clothes now and he will never be satisfied with anything else. Be as particular about the fit and style of his clothing as you are about your own. He will repay you by being a bright, handsome boy, who will get the consideration he deserves

## Riehm, The Tailor

#### We Don't do all the Crowding

Concerning the quality of the work turned out here. Each of our patrons has a good word for us and our work. We have pleased so many others that we feel confident we can please you. Our color is right and we can give you any finish you desire from the highest gloss to domestic.

## Seymour Steam Laundry

TIPTON STREET,

TELEPHONE 23

## Agency of C. A. Saltmarsh

ESTABLISHED in 1892.

Real Estate Handled to advantage and Money Loaned on Best Security. Cash Needed to Supply Applicants for Loans. Money Lenders call when placing Loans. The Lading Fire Insurance Agency in City. Equitable Life Assurance Society. Best in World. Travellers Accident Insurance Co. The Leader in elity and Casualty Co. In all Departments. Plate Glass Insurance. P. O. Seymour Ind.

## THE TRAVIS CARTER CO. Contractors and Builders,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

## Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds

AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL.

Specifications and Plans Furnished.  
Ewing Street, between Third and Fourth

## Opera - House

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Wednesday Evening, January 11th,

The Little Streak of Sunshine

SADIE RAYMOND,

And her clever company of players in

## The Missouri Girl

PRESENTED

With Special Scenery.

UNIQUE NOVEL SPECIALTIES

Everything Up-to-Date.

Prices: 25c 35c, 50c and 75c.

## HERE IS YOUR CHANCE LADIES

The very latest styles in ladies Mackintoshes and all kinds of house-hold furnishings, carpets, draperies and lace goods, can be had on very easy weekly payments at A. J. Conroy's, 113 East Second street.

WILLIAM ANDERSON, Manager.



**DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY**

"Ring out the old Ring in the new  
Ring out the false Ring in the true"

We bring to you the new and true from the piney forests of Norway

**DR. BELL'S Pine-Tar-Honey**

Nature's most natural remedy, improved by science to a Pleasant, Permanent, Positive Cure for coughs, colds and all inflamed surfaces of the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes.

The sore, weary cough-worn Lungs are exhilarated; the microbe-bearing mucus cut out; the cause of that tickling is removed, and the inflamed membranes are healed and soothed so that there is no inclination to cough.

**SOLD BY ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS**  
Bottles Only. 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 Sizes

**BE SURE YOU GET**  
**Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey**

The E. B. Sutherland Medicine Co., Patents, N.Y.

**If You Can Read Public Opinion Will Interest You.**

FOR THESE REASONS

It is the substance of 3,000 periodicals.  
It is a weekly record of all that's worth remembering.  
It gives every side of every important question.  
It reflects with fairness every phase of public opinion.  
It is a winner of wheat from chaff, a time saver, a money saver.  
It contains 32 pages carefully collected, selected, condensed, and arranged.  
It comprises each issue no less than 150 separate items, comments, and articles, arranged in 12 departments, under some forty subheads.  
It is The Indispensable Weekly, others are luxuries.  
It is the Only Single Publication Issued in the World Which Will Keep its Readers Fully Abreast of the Times week by week.  
If further arguments are needed accept the following special offer:

**13 Weeks for 25 Cents.**

You pay for the printer's ink and we do the rest  
Or send \$2.50 for a year's subscription and receive with our compliments your choice of the following gifts: "The Cosmopolitan," "McClure's" or "Munsey's" for 1899. Or the jointless Parker Fountain Pen (price \$2.50.)

**THE PUBLIC OPINION COMPANY,**  
13 Astor Place, New York City.

**B. & O. S.W.R.**

ALL TRAINS VIA WASHINGTON  
WHEELING OVER ROUTE

**Arrive. Depart**

**EAST BOUND.**

No. 6 4:32 a.m. daily Pittsburg & Col. Ex. 4:36 a.m.  
4 9:07 a.m. " N.Y. Flyer 9:11 a.m.  
3:20 p.m. " " Fast Mail 3:24 p.m.  
3:50 p.m. " except Sunday, Cincinnati Acc. Ex. 3:54 p.m.  
80 Local " except Sunday 6:00 a.m.

**WEST BOUND.**

No. 5 5:28 a.m. daily St. L. fast mail 5:33 a.m.  
7 10:04 a.m. " ex Sun St. L. acc. ex 10:09 a.m.  
11 11:33 a.m. St. L. & Kan. O'y mail 11:37 a.m.  
3 11:02 p.m. " express 11:06 p.m.  
33 Local, daily except Sunday 7:00 a.m.  
All trains connect at North Vernon with to and from Louisville, Jeffersonville and New Albany. J. P. HONAN, Agent.

**F., C. & St. L. Schedule of Passenger Trains.**

Under the schedule taking effect Sunday, June 26, passenger trains will have this station as follows, viz:

**NORTH.**

No. 19—Daily Mail and Express Chicago.....9:42 a. m.  
No. 31—Daily except Sunday, Indianapolis Acc.....3:35 p. m.  
No. 5—Daily Pgh Flyer.....5:24 p. m.  
No. 3—Daily Mail and Express Chicago.....9:52 p. m.

**SOUTH.**

No. 10—Daily Louisville Mail and Express.....5:15 a. m.  
No. 2—Daily Louisville Acc.....10:16 a. m.  
No. 18—Daily Louisville Fast Mail.....5:41 p. m.  
—Daily except Sunday, Ac 9:03 p. m.  
O. B. Sappington, Agent.

**Ten Days at Washington.**—Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines Good for Stop-Over at National Capital.

**Tickets to Philadelphia and New York via Washington** and good for ten days' stop-over at the National Capital may be obtained over Pennsylvania Lines at the same fares as tickets sold to Philadelphia and New York over the direct line of the Pennsylvania System. For special information apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

**To New Orleans or to Jacksonville via the Queen & Crescent Limited** trains from Cincinnati, 55 hours through Havana.

## SENATE AND HOUSE OFFICERS.

Result of the Caucuses Held Wednesday Night.

The legislative caucuses met last night to decide on the officers of the senate and house of representatives, to serve during the present session of the legislature. The republicans are in the majority in both houses. The officers of the senate selected are:

President Pro. Tem.—L. P. Newby, Knightstown.  
Secretary—W. C. Converse, Richmond.

Assistant Secretary—F. L. Wayman, New Castle.  
Doorkeeper—Clem Pelzer, Boonville.

The officers of the House selected are:

Speaker—Frank L. Littleton, Indianapolis.  
Principal Clerk—Charles A. DeHaven, Kokomo.

Doorkeeper—Samuel R. Gibson, Delaware county.

It will be seen that three of the four officers of the Senate are taken from the Sixth district, and one from the First. Among the officers of the House the Third, Seventh, Eighth and Eleventh districts are represented.

The democrats began their caucus with song and went through the motion of choosing officers for both houses. Senator Shea, we are pleased to note, received the nomination for President Pro. Tem. of the Senate and will therefore be the leader of the minority on the floor of the Senate. W. H. Eichorn, the talker from Bluffton, though a capable leader, was designated as the choice of the minority for Speaker of the House of Representatives.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
By local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## BUSINESS NOTES.

C. M. Franklin is in the city from Connorsville on business.

Dr. Stinson, of Louisville, came here last evening on business.

Dr. Whitted, of Cortland, came here last evening on business.

Miss Mary Dalton made a business trip last evening to Columbus.

Charles Cohill came here last evening from New Albany on business.

C. M. Gray and Miss Dora Gray, of Bedford, came here today on business.

The Hominy Mill Company shipped two cars of fine bolted meal and a car of hominy south today.

Cudwith Able, of Jonesville, shipped two cars of fat hogs to Indianapolis and a car to Cincinnati from there Tuesday night.

**DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP**, is pleasant to take; it tastes good; children like it; no trouble to administer it and it always cures. Buy the genuine, Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup.

## What do the Children Drink.

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

Among the features of the present issue of Harper's Weekly is an editorial that discusses what is at present a subject of dominant interest to Americans, Imperialism and people. William Dinwiddie continues his special letters from Puerto Rico, his subject for this week being "The Money of Puerto Rico."

## Who is to Blame?

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys.

If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, and it is yet afflicted with bed wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

If the adult has rheumatism; pain or dull ache in the back; if the water passes in irregular quantities; or at irregular intervals or has a bad odor; if it stains the linen or vessel the color of rust; if the feet swell; if there are puffy or dark circles under the eyes; your kidneys are the cause and need doctoring. Treatment of some diseases may be delayed without danger, not so with kidney disease.

**Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy promptly cures the most distressing cases. Its mild and extraordinary effect is soon realized. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet telling all about it sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention that you read this generous offer in the SEYMOUR REPUBLICAN.

## PERSONAL.

James Champion is seriously indisposed with liver trouble.

Aunt Bettie Day and family, of near Surprise are all down with the grip.

A daughter of James Watson on Blish street is very sick with fever.

A. J. Nolting and wife, of Madison, came here yesterday to see friends.

Mrs. Lynn Faulkner went last night to Muncie to attend the funeral of Lee W. Coffeen.

Mrs. Nancy J. Owen, of Cana, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Marvin Deputy.

Miss Alice Gray and Miss Lura Gray returned last evening to Holton from an enjoyable visit to Mrs. James Demaree, daughter of the former.

Dr. Casey last evening took the plaster of paris off fireman Burns Railing broken leg and found that it's doing all right.

Miss Lizzie Patterson, of the New Lynn, was called last night to Charlestown to attend the funeral of her cousin Mrs. Fannie Huckelberry.

## Tried and True.

Thousand have tried Dr. Cadwell's Syrup Pepsin for constipation, indigestion and sick headache and have found it true to the claim made for it, viz: that it is the best remedy now before the good people for the relief of stomach troubles. Trial sizes 50c, large sizes 50c and \$1.00 of A. J. Pellens, Druggists.

In this week's issue of Harper's Bazar appears the second part of "Martha's Responsibilities," a story by H. G. Paine. Another feature of the Bazar's fiction is a beautiful and pathetic short story by Caroline B. Burrell, entitled "A Belated Funeral."

**Try Allen's Foot-Ease.**  
A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily if you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, L. Roy, N. Y.

The Bijou is about the only place of amusement in the city worth going to this week. The attraction is "The Missouri Girl," presented by those clever laugh-makers, Sadie and Fred Raymond, supported by a capable company. They are doing an enormous business.—Chicago Tribune.

## Advertised Letters.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the postoffice at this place and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office:

**LADIES.**  
Bernard Nellie Miss Brown Will Mr.  
Dobison Ida Miss Conley James  
Fields Alice Miss Cox L. C.  
Holens Biddie Mrs. Mikel John Esq.  
Newkirk Myrtle Miss Morton Edward  
Web Ruth Miss  
West Mary Miss 2

## PHILIP WILHELM, P. M.

## A Good Memory.

Often says money and also good health. If you are troubled with constipation, indigestion or any form of stomach trouble remember to take home a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and health will be restored to you. Trial sizes 50c (to dozes roc) large sizes 50 cents and \$1.00 of A. J. Pellens, Druggist.

## STOLE AN ENGINE

Tramp Who Was Anxious to Get Home. Raving Maniac.

Chattanooga, Jan. 5.—Fifteen tramps detained from the various railroads entering the city were gathered in the moldingroom of Otisco furnace, to escape from the extreme cold. One of their number, who gave his name afterward as W. E. Dollman, Evansville, Ind., stole out into the yard, where the ore engine was awaiting the arrival of its crew, and proceeded to fire up. When the engineer arrived Dollman had steam up, and pulled the throttle open. The engine started at great speed, but the engineer succeeded in boarding it and, after a struggle with the tramp, got it stopped. The engine was going rapidly toward the end of the slag dump. When asked what he expected to do, Dollman replied that he had intended to go to his home at Evansville. The sheriff was telephoned for and the man taken in charge. It was discovered after he reached the jail that he had suddenly become a raving maniac from hunger and exposure to the extreme weather.

## THROUGH A WINDOW.

A Woman Is Blown by the Explosion of Gasoline.

Kewanee, Ill., Jan. 5.—Mrs. Julia Prior, near here, has sustained terrible injuries from a gasoline explosion. She had been washing lace curtains in gasoline in her kitchen, and when she struck a match to light her stove the gas in the room exploded. The ceiling was entirely torn away and all the furniture in the room demolished. Mrs. Prior was blown through a window and her clothing at once took fire. Being almost unconscious, she was unable to help herself, and before help arrived her burns were so serious that recovery is quite doubtful.

## EUROPE.

On the Threshold of a New Era and the Old Policy Must Go.

Berlin, Jan. 5.—The Krueze Zeitung in an article, understood to be inspired by the German foreign office, says: "Europe is on the threshold of a new era. The old policy must be abandoned in favor of the weltpolitik. No nation pretending to be a great power can hope to maintain its position with land forces alone. The sudden and startling appearance of the United States in the political arena demands that Germany should make fresh exertions. Weakness now would be a political crime."

## TROUBLE EXPECTED

In Honolulu Over the Question of the Admission of Chinese.

San Francisco, Jan. 5.—The steamer Australia from Honolulu brings the following advices to the Associated Press: "A great deal of trouble is expected here over the question of the admission of Chinese. The supreme court has ordered the landing of a large number of Celestials and Special Agent Brown is at a loss to know what to do in the premises. He has appealed to the administration for instructions."

## Indiana Pioneer Woman Dead.

Clinton, Ind., Jan. 5.—Katherine Vannest, one of the first women settlers of Vermilion county, and daughter of the first white woman who crossed the Washburn river north of Ft. Harrison, was buried here yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Vannest was 86 years of age, and came to what is known as Vermilion county with her parents in 1815. Her husband, Dabert Vannest, who died many years ago, was the first white child born in the county. About 15 years ago she moved with her sons to Kansas, where she resided until death.

## Pensions Granted.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Pensions have been granted to Indians as follows: Original—Patrick H. Gill, Bath, \$6; James W. Crooks, Cicero, \$8; William Mofford, National Military Home, Grant, \$6; Hardin Boets, Greensburg, \$8. Additional—Charles S. Butterworth, Portland, \$6 to \$8. Original Widows, Etc.—Mary A. Vandugne, Hammond, \$8; Margaret A. Kennard, Servia, \$8; Abigail Flag, Maxinkuckee, \$8; Harriet Green, Columbia City, \$8; minor of Benjamin D. Galloway, South Bend, \$10.

## Ate Diseased Pork.

North Manchester, Ind., Jan. 5.—Mrs. Lydia Wallace died yesterday of poison, the result of eating diseased pork. The entire family was taken suddenly ill immediately after dinner on Sunday, but a physician succeeded in relieving all save Mrs. Wallace, who grew worse until death resulted. Some of the meat was fed to chickens and they died. An investigation will likely be made.

## Mulcted of 5,000 Francs.

Paris, Jan. 5.—A civil court has mulcted the Comtesse de Martel, the well known writer over the non delivrance of "Gyp," in 5,000 francs, damages and costs for publishing in a recent book a libel against Senator Trioux, the former minister of justice.

## Bryan at Springfield.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 5.—William Jennings Bryan arrived in this city yesterday and left for Jacksonville, Fla., today. He will go to Cincinnati tomorrow. Last night he addressed an immense audience in Central Music hall in opposition to expansion.

## Make Dealings More Difficult.

Pekin, Jan. 5.—An imperial edict has been issued appointing all viceroys and governors of provinces members ex-officio of the Tsung-Li-Yamen. This arrangement will undoubtedly make dealings with the Chinese government much more difficult.

## Sampson—Scott.

New York, Jan. 5.—Miss Olive Farrington Sampson, daughter of Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, and Henry Harrison Scott of San Francisco, were married in the Congressional church in Glenside, N. Y., last night, Rev. Frank J. Goodwin officiating.

## TO CURE A COLIC IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. T. on each tablet.

**HARPER'S WEEKLY**  
THE NATION'S WEEKLY

Will continue to give week by week during 1899, by means of illustrations and text, all the important news of the world in a clear and concise manner.

**POLITICS.**  
Independent of parties, devoted to good government, it will not hesitate to approve or disapprove, whatever the situation may be.

**ART.**  
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